

# FITC-Bovine Type II Collagen

Catalog # 4010

*For Research Use Only - Not Human or Therapeutic Use*

DESCRIPTION:	FITC-labeled bovine type II collagen (1, 2)
APPLICATION:	Prepare scaffolds in three-dimensional (3D) gels to assay collagenase activity against type II collagen in cultured cells
QUANTITY:	10 mg
FORM:	Lyophilized powder
SOURCE:	Bovine articular cartilage
MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	300 kDa (molar ratio of collagen to FITC is approximately 1:1)
PURITY:	>95% by SDS-PAGE

NOTE: The background fluorescence intensity (FI) value should be less than 0.1% of the control values (caused by free FI extracted with 35% ethanol at 25°C)

STORAGE:	Store at 4°C in the dark
STABILITY:	1 year after the shipping date
PROTOCOL:	<b>A. THREE-DIMENSIONAL GEL PREPARATION PROTOCOL</b>

NOTE: Gels can be prepared just prior use

1. Dissolve 1 vial of FITC-collagen in 2.5 ml of 0.01M acetic acid (final concentration: 4 mg/ml)
2. Prepare a gel solution using the following table

Reagent	Volume
FITC-bovine type II collagen dissolved in 0.01M acetic acid (4 mg/ml)	2.5 ml
<a href="#">Cat # 1202</a> Cell Culture Grade Bovine Type I Collagen (4 mg/ml x 12.5 ml) <b>OR</b> <a href="#">Cat # 1062</a> Immunization Grade Bovine Type I collagen (4 mg/ml dissolved in 0.01M acetic acid)	2.5 ml
1M Phosphate Buffer pH 7.4 containing 1.5M NaCl	0.67 ml
Cold Distilled Water	1 ml
0.5% Phenol Red Solution	20 µl

3. Adjust the pH to 7-8 using 6 N NaOH until the solution becomes light red in color (check the pH using pH test strips)

4. Aliquot the desired volume (e.g. 300 µl/well in a 24-well plate).

Optional: Cells can be suspended directly in the collagen solution for embedding cells in the entire scaffold (3).

5. Incubate at 37°C for 30-60 minutes.

6. The gel is now ready to use

### **B. CELL-BASED COLLAGENASE ACTIVITY ASSAY(3)**

1. Seed the cells onto the scaffold (or use cell-embedded collagen gels).

2. Culture the cells as needed.

3. Measure FI values of the culture medium.

NOTE 1: Culture medium typically contains phenol red, which can cause quenching and affect the final FI values. Chondrex, Inc. recommends using the same medium for the blank and 100% values in addition to the samples.

NOTE 2: The 100% value can be obtained by completely digesting the cell-free collagen scaffold with bacterial collagenase (Cat # 30141). The degradation rate of type II collagen can be calculated using the FI value of the samples. Please contact [order@chondrex.com](mailto:order@chondrex.com) to order Cat # 30141.

#### NOTES:

The combination of type I and type II collagen creates biomimetic heterotypic fibrils that provide the high structural stability of type I collagen combined with the native biochemical signaling of type II collagen. This method provides accurate analysis of cell-specific collagenase cleavage kinetics (4).

#### REFERENCES:

1. [K. Terato, Y. Nagai, K. Kawanishi, S. Yamamoto, A rapid assay method of collagenase activity using 14C-labeled soluble collagen as substrate. \*Biochim. Biophys. Acta\* \*\*445\*\*, 753–762 \(1976\).](#)
2. [K. Terato, R. Hashida, K. Miyamoto, T. Morimoto, Y. Kato, S. Kobayashi, T. Tajima, S. Otake, H. Hori, Y. Nagai, Histological, immunological and biochemical studies on type ii collagen-induced arthritis in rats. \*Biomed. Res.\* \*\*3\*\*, 495–505 \(1982\).](#)
3. [K. Wolf, P. Friedl, Functional imaging of pericellular proteolysis in cancer cell invasion. \*Biochimie\* \*\*87\*\*, 315–320 \(2005\).](#)
4. [N. Vázquez-Portalatí N, C. E. Kilmer, A. Panitch, J. C. Liu, Characterization of collagen type I and II blended hydrogels for articular cartilage tissue engineering. \*Biomacromolecules\* \*\*17\*\*, 3145–3152 \(2016\).](#)